¶ Writing Tables *vvith a Kalender for* xxiiii. yeeres, with sundry neceſſarye rules.

MOYSE

ARON.

☞ Made at London by Frauncis Adams, Stationer or Bookbinder, dwelling in Diſtaffe lane, neare olde fiſhſtreete, at the ſigne of the Aqua vite ſtill, and are there to be ſold.

1604.

Anno. Domi.

1594.

yeeres.

Anno dom.	Letter.	Leap yere Sundayes	Easter.	Prime, or Golden Number.	Epact.	
1580	C	B	iij. Aprill.	iiij	xiiij	1675
1581	A	1676	xxvi. Marche.	v	xxv	1676
1582	G		xv. Aprill.	vj	vi	1677
1583	F		xxxj. Marche.	vij	xvij	1678
1584	E	D	xix. Aprill.	viij	xxviij	1679
1585	D		xj. Aprill.	ix	ix	1680
1586	C		iij. Aprill.	x	xx	1681
1587	B		xvi. Aprill.	xi	j	1682
1588	A	F	vij. Aprill.	xij	xij	1683
1589	G		xxx. Marche.	xiij	xxiii	1684
1590	F		xix. Aprill.	xiiij	iiij	1685
1591	E		iij. Aprill.	xv	xv	1686
1592	D	A	xxvi Marche.	xvj	xxvj	1687
1593	C		xv. Aprill.	xvij	vij	1688
1594	B		xxxi. Marche.	xviij	xviij	1689
1595	A		xx. Aprill.	xix	xxix	1690
1596	G	C	xj. Aprill.	j	x	1691
1597	F		xxvij. March.	ij	xxi	1692
1598	E		xvi. Aprill.	iij	ij	1693
1599	D		viij. Aprill.	iiij	xiii	1694
1600	C	E	xxiij. Marche.	v	xxiiij	1695
1601	B		xij. Aprill.	vj	v	1696
1602	A		iiij. Aprill.	vij	xvi	1697

and quarters of the Moone for euer, which

and quarters of the Moone for euer. Which ye may doo by heart, knowing the Epact.

LOoke in the table made of purpose, on the other side of this leafe, for the Epact, which is a number deuised to know the chaunge for euer. which number of Epact, standeth vnder this tytle Epact, and is right against the yeres of our Lorde and to know the chaunge of the moone do this, enter the table, and looke for the number of the epact. for that yeere you would knowe the chaunge, then reckon howe many moneths are past from march vnto the moneth you would know the change, reckoning march for one, and the moneth you are in for an other, as I would know on what day of the moneth of December 1594. the moone chaungeth: the Epact is xviij. from March to December are 10. months, (reckoning March and December for twoo of the number) which 10. adde to the Epact 18. which maketh 28. which 28. also take from 30. ys rest 2. on which day the moone changeth. Note that the Epact beginneth in March, and not in January: so that January and February bee the last in number of the 12. Note also, that if ye numbers amount vnto aboue 30. the 30. being cast out, the remaine that is left must be taken from 30: if it be vnder 30, take that also from 30. and the remaine is the day of the change of the moone. Notwithstanding, if there be 31. daies in a month, then take the remaine from 30. if but 30. daies in the

moneth, then take the remaine from 29. as for example: the Epact 1594. is 18. from March to Aprill 2. which added is 20. which 20. take from 29. (for Aprill hath but 30. daies) so rest 9. so I say the the Moone chaungeth the 9. of aprill 1594. By which rule you may know the chaunge alwayes, by hart knowing the Epact.

An other rule for the chaunge of the Moone by the Prime number.

LOoke in the table made of purpose, on ꝑ other side of this leafe, for the goldē nūber, or prime for the yeere, where you shall finde for euerie yeere the seuerall prime or golden number: hauing foūd it, looke in that month wherin you will know when the moone changeth, for the same prime nūber, which prime number standeth first in euerie leafe, vnder ꝑ name of prime, & right against that day where the prime number standeth, on that day the Moone chaungeth: as for example, I woulde knowe on what day of the month of January 1594 the moone chaungeth: Looke in ꝑ table for the yere 1594. against which yeere standeth the prime nūber which is xviij. thē turne to January, & looke down along the numbers stāding vnder prime, for xviij which is against ꝑ xij. day of Januarie, on which day the moone chaungeth, so that by this rule you shall know when the moone will change any yeere to come, when you know the prime number. Note that ꝑ ful moone is xiiij. daies. 18. houres after the

that ye full moone is xiij. dayes. xviij. houres.
the quarter is vij dayes ix houres.

xix	1	A	Circumcision of Christe.
viij	2	b	The first day, sun ryseth at. 8. setteth at
	3	c	at 4.
xvi	4	d	The 8. day, sun ryseth 50. minutes
v	5	e	after. 7. setteth. 10. minuts after. 4.
	6	f	The 16. day, sun riseth 40. minuts af-
xiij	7	g	ter 7. setteth 20. minuts after 4.
ij	8	A	The 18. day, sun ryseth 25. minuts af-
	9	b	ter 7. setteth 35. minuts after. 4.
x	10	c	
	11	d	Note that there are 60. minuts in the
xviij	12	e	howre.
vij	13	f	
	14	g	¶ A rule to finde the mooueable feastes
xv	15	A	of the whole yeere.
iii	16	b	Looke in the Table for the finding of
	17	c	Easter, hauing found what day Easter
xij	18	d	falleth on, Shroue sunday is the. vij.
i	19	e	sunday before the next wednesday, af-
	20	f	ter that is Ashwednesday: and the
ix	21	g	.vij. sunday after Easter is Whitsun-
	22	A	day: and the next sunday after Whitsū-
xvij	23	b	day is Trinitie sunday: and the. v. sun-
vi	24	c	day after Easter, is Rogation sunday,
	25	d	and fowre dayes after Rogation sun-
xiiij	26	e	day, is Ascention day.
iij	27	f	
	28	g	Twelfe day, Fayre at Salsburie.
xi	29	A	The. xxiiij. day, the Conuersiō of Paul.
xix	30	b	Fayres at Graues end, at Wristow.
viii	31	c	

Prime. Februarie hath .xxviii. dayes.

	1	d	The .2. day, sunne riseth .9. minutes af-
	2	e	ter 7. setteth 51. minutes after .4.
xvi	3	f	The 3. day. sun ryseth 58. minutes af-
v	4	g	ter 6. setteth 2. minutes after 5.
	5	A	The 16. day, sunne ryseth 60. minutes
xiij	6	b	after 6. setteth 20. minuts after 5.
iij	7	c	The 24. day, sunne ryseth 30. minutes
	8	d	after 6. setteth 30. minuts after 5.
x	9	e	
	10	f	The yeere hath by the course of ꝑ sun,
viij	11	g	12. Monthes, by course of the Moone 13.
xij	12	A	monthes: of weekes 52. of dayes 365.
	13	b	dayes, and 6. howres, which euery .4
xv	14	c	yeere maketh a day more, which is the
iiij	15	d	leape yeere: And there is in the yeere
	16	e	4386. howres.
xii	17	f	
i	18	g	The first day at Bromley. The 2. day
	19	A	beeing Candelmas day at Maidstone,
ix	20	b	at Bathe, at Linne, at Bickelswoorth, at
	21	c	Landwoorth, at Reading.
xvii	22	d	S. Valentine, at Feuersham.
vi	23	e	On Wednesdaye, at Lychfielde, at
	24	f	Tamworth, at Roystone, at Dun-
xiiii	25	g	stable, at Exceter, at Abington, at Cy-
iii	26	A	ceter.
	27	b	The .xxiiii. day S. Matthias, at Henly
xi	28	c	vpon Thames at Tewkesbury, at
			Baldocke.

Prime, [illegible]

xix	1	d	The first day the sun ryseth 18. minuts

xix	1	d	The firſt day the ſun ryſeth 18. minuts
viii	2	e	after 6. ſetteth 24. minuts after. 5. The
	3	f	10. day, ſunne ryſeth at 6. ſetteth at 6.
xvi	4	g	The 17. day, ſunne ryſeth 47. minuts af-
v	5	A	ter 5. ſetteth 13. minutes after 6. The
	6	b	24. day, ſunne ryſeth 30. minutes after. 5
xiii	7	c	ſetteth 30. minutes after 6.
ii	8	d	
	9	e	
x	10	f	
	11	g	The. xii. day, at Stãford, at Sudbury.
xviij	12	A	The. xiii. day, at Wye, at the Mount, at
vii	13	b	Bodmin in Cornewal.
	14	c	The. v. Sunday in Lent, at Grantham
xv	15	d	at Saliſburie, at Hereforde.
iiii	16	e	The Munday before the Annunciatiõ
	17	f	of Mary, at Wiſbich, at Kendale, at
xii	18	g	Denbigh in Wales.
i	19	A	On Midlent Sunday, at Saffron Wal-
	20	b	den in Eſſex, at Odiham.
ix	21	c	
	22	d	On Palme ſunday euen, at Pomfret.
xvii	23	e	On Palme ſunday, at Worceſter.
vi	24	f	The. xx. day, at Durham.
	25	g	
xiiii	26	A	The. xxv. day, being the Annuciation
iii	27	b	of our Lady, at Northãpton, at Wal-
	28	c	den, at great Chert, at Newcaſtle,
xi.	29	d	
	30	e	Generally all the Lady dayes: fayres
xix	31	f	at Huntington.

Prime. Aprilhath.xxx.dayes.

viij	1	g	The firſt day, ſunne ryſeth 19. minuts
xvi	2	A	after 5. ſetteth 41. minutes after 6.
v	3	b	The 8. day, ſunne ryſeth, 6. minutes af-
	4	c	ter 5. ſetteth 54. minutes after 6.
xiij	5	d	The 16. day, ſunne ryſeth 51. minutes
ij	6	e	after 4. ſetteth 9. minutes after 7.
	7	f	The 24. day, ſunne ryſeth 38. minutes
	8	g	after 4. ſetteth 22. minutes after 7.
x	9	A	
xviij	10	b	
vij	11	c	The v. day, at Walyngforde.
	12	d	The vij. day, at Darbie.
xv	13	e	The ix. day, at Bickelſworth, at Bil-
iiij	14	f	lingworth.
	15	g	The Munday next after, at Eueſham
xij	16	A	in Worceſter ſhyre.
i	17	b	Tueſday in Eaſterweeke, at Northe-
	18	c	fleete, at Rochforde, at Hitchin.
ix	19	d	
	20	e	The thyrde Sunday after Eaſter, at
xvij	21	f	Louth.
vi	22	g	The xxiij. day, being S. Georges day
	23	A	at Charing, at Ipſwich, at Tamworth,
xiij	24	b	at Amptil, at Hinningham, at Gilforde,
ij	25	c	at S. Nombes in Cornwall.
	26	d	The xxv. day, being S. Marke the Ec
xi	27	e	uangeliſts day, at Darbie, at Dunmow
	28	f	in Eſſex.
xix	29	g	The xxvi. day, at Tenterden in Kent.
viij			

Prime. May hath.xxxi.dayes.

	1 b	The first day, sunne ryseth 26. minuts
xvi	2 c	after 4. setteth 34. minutes after 7.
v	3 d	The 8. day sun riseth 16. minuts after
	4 e	4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
xiij	5 f	The 16. day, sun riseth 6. minuts after
ij	6 g	4. setteth 54. minutes after 7.
	7 A	The 24. day, sun ryseth at 4. setteth
x	8 b	at 8.
	9 c	
xviij	10 d	The first day beeing Philip and Ja=
viij	11 e	cob, at Leicester, at Reading at Mayd=
	12 f	stone in Kent, at Chensefozd in Essex.
xv	13 g	The 7. day at Beuerley, at Oxfozde.
iiij	14 A	On Ascention day at Newcastle, at
	15 b	yerne, at Bremicham, at saint Edes, at
xij	16 c	Bishop Stratfozde.
i	17 d	On Whitsonday, at Rye hyll: Euery
	18 e	Wednesday fortnight at Kingstone vp
ix	19 f	pon thames.
	20 g	Munday in Whitsō weeke, at Darings=
xvij	21 A	tō, at Exceter, at Bradford, at Riegate.
vj	22 b	Tuesday in Whitson weeke, at Lewes
	23 c	at Rochforth, at Canterbury.
xiiij	24 d	On Trinity Sunday at Kendale, in
iij	25 e	Westmerland, at Rolwell.
xi	26 f	On Trinity Munday, at Watforde.
	27 g	On Corpus Christi day, at Newbery,
xix	28 A	at Couentry, at saint Edes.
viij	29 b	The 19. day, at Rochester, at Dunstable:
	30 c	The 29. at Crambrooke.
	31 d	

b	1	e	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 54. minuts af-
	2	f	ter 3. ſetteth 6. minutes after 8.
xiii	3	g	The 11. day, ſun ryſeth 15. minuts after
ii	4	A	3. ſetteth 15. minutes after 8.
	5	b	The 16. day, the ſun ryſeth 50. minuts
x	6	c	after 3. ſetteth 10. minuts after 8.
xviii	7	d	The 24. day, ſun ryſeth 54. minuts af-
vii	8	e	ter 3. ſetteth 6. minutes after 8.
	9	f	
	10	g	
xv	11	A	The 11. day, the longeſt day
iiii	12	b	
	13	c	The 9. day, at Maydſtone in Kent.
xii	14	d	The 11. day, at Okingham.
i	15	e	The 23. day, at Shzowelbury, at ſaint
	16	f	Albones.
ix	17	g	The 24. day, beeing Midſomer day, at
	18	A	ſaint Annes, at Wakefeelde, at Colcheſ-
xvii	19	h	ter, at Croyden, at Bedfozd, at Reading,
vi	20	c	at Barnewell beſyde Cambzidge, at
	21	d	Wolnerhampton, at Crambzoke in Kent
xiiii	22	e	at Lincoln, at Gloceſter, at Peterborow,
iii	23	f	at Winſore, at Hacſtowe in Suffolke,
	24	g	at Lancaſter, at Weſtcheſter, at Halifax,
xi	25	A	at Aſhburne in Darbiſhyre.
	26	b	The 30. day, beeing ſaint Peters day,
xix	27	c	at Woodhurſt, at Marlebozow, at Pol-
	28	d	leſwozth, at Wolnerhampton, at Peter-
viiii	29	e	feelde, at Lemſter, at Sudbury in Suf-
xvi	30	f	folke, at Sarzgãze, at Brameley in Lã-

Prime. Iuly hath.xxxi.dayes.

b.	1	g	The first day sun ryseth 58. minutes af-
	2	A	ter 3. setteth minutes a-
xiij	3	b	The 8. day sun ryseth 2. minutes after
ij	4	c	4. setteth 58. minutes after 7.
x	5	d	The 16. day sun ryseth 16. minutes af-
	6	e	ter 4. setteth 44. minutes after 7.
xviij	7	f	The 24. day sunne ryseth 30. minutes
viij	8	g	after 4. setteth 30. minutes after 7.
	9	A	
	10	b	
xv	11	c	The 15. day, at Winchbacke.
iiij	12	d	The 17. day, at Winchcombe.
	13	e	The 20. day, at Oxbridge.
xij	14	f	The 22. day, at Marleborowe, at
i	15	g	Wincheſter, at Colcheſter, at Tetburie,
ix	16	A	at Bridgenorth, at Battlefeelde by
	17	b	Shrewesburie, at Bickelswoorth.
	18	c	The 25. day, beeing Saint Iames the
xvij	19	d	Apoſtles day, at saint Iames nigh Lõ-
vi	20	e	don, at Douer, at Briſtowe, at Chilham,
	21	f	at Ipſwich, at Darby, at Northampton,
xiiij	22	g	at Dudley in Staffordſhyre, at Rea-
iij	23	A	ding, at Nouth, at Walmleburie, at
	24	b	Bromeley, at Cheſter, at Liuerpoole in
xi	25	c	Lancaſhyre, at Aldergam in Cheſhyre, at
xix	26	d	Rauenglaſſe in the North.
viij	27	e	The 27. day, at Canterbury, at Hors-
	28	f	ſham, at Ritchmõd in the North, at Was-
xvi	29	g	rington in Lancaſhire, at Chapsel Frith
A	30	A	in Darbiſhire.
	31	b	

Prime. August hath.xxxi.dayes.

xiii	1	c	The first day, sun ryseth 40. minutes
ii	2	d	after 4. setteth 20. minuts after 7.
	3	e	The 8. day, sun ryseth 51. minutes af-
x	4	f	ter 4. setteth 9. minuts after 7.
xviij	5	g	The 16. day, sun ryseth 6. minuts af-
viij	6	A	ter 5. setteth 54. minuts after 6.
	7	b	The 24. day, sun ryseth 20. minuts af-
	8	c	ter 5. setteth 30. minuts after 6.
xv	9	d	
iiij	10	e	The first day of August being Lammas
	11	f	day, at Feuersham, at Exceter, at Dun-
xij	12	g	stable, at S. Edes, at Bedford, at York,
i	13	A	at Rumney.
	14	b	The. x. daye, at Waltham, at Blacka-
ix	15	c	more, at Hungerford, at Bedford, at
	16	d	Stroides, at Farnam, at S. Laurence
xvii	17	e	by Bodmin, at Walton, at Croyly in
vi	18	f	Lancashire, at Seddell in Yorkeshyre,
	19	g	at Frodesham in Cheshyre, at newe
xiiij	20	A	Brainford.
iii	21	b	The. xv. day, at Dunmowe in Essex at
	22	c	Carlile, at Preston in Lancashire, at
xi	23	d	Wakefielde both the Ladye dayes.
xix	24	e	The. xxiiii. daye, being Bartholomew
viij	25	f	the apostles day, at Londō, at Tukes-
	26	g	burie, at Begger s bush beside Rye, at
xvi	27	A	Sudburie, at Norwich, at Northaler-
v	28	b	ton, at Douer, at Rie, at Nantwich
	29	c	in Cheshire, at Pagets in Bromlie.
	30	d	The, xxvii. day, at Ashforde.
xij	31	e	The, xxix. day at Watforde.

Prime. September hath.xxx.dayes.

ij	1	f	The first day, the sun ryseth 36. minuts
	2	g	after 5. setteth 24. minutes after 6.
x	3	A	The 8. day, sun riseth 49. minutes af-
xviij	4	b	ter 5. setteth 11. minuts after 5.
vij	5	c	The 13. day, sun riseth at 6. setteth at 6.
	6	d	The 24. day, sun ryseth 23. minutes af-
	7	e	ter 6. setteth 37. minutes after 5.
xb	8	f	
iiij	9	g	
	10	A	The fyrst day, at S. Gyles in the bush.
xij	11	b	The. 8. daye, beeing the Natiuitie of
j	12	c	Marie, at Wakefeeld, at Sturbridge, at
ix	13	d	Southwark nigh London, at Recouer.
	14	e	The. xiiij. daye, at Richmond in yorke-
	15	f	shyre, at Waltam Abbey, at Walten vn-
xvij	16	g	der hedge, at Chesterfeelde in Warbl-
vj	17	A	shyre, at Smalding, at Denbighe in
	18	b	Wales.
xiij	19	c	The. 21. day, being S. Mathewes day,
ij	20	d	at Marleborow, at Bedford, at Croidō,
	21	e	at Holden in Holdernes, at Saint Ed-
xj	22	f	mondes bury, at Malton, at Baldocke,
	23	g	at saint Jues, at Shrewesbury, at Len-
xix	24	A	ham, at Syttingborne, at Brayntree,
viij	25	b	at Katterne hyll beside Bilforde, at new
	26	c	Brainforde, at Douer, at Wendouer.
xvj	27	d	The. 29. day, being Michaell Archan-
v	28	e	gels day, at Westchester, at Lancaster, at
xiij	29	f	Malden, an horse fayre, at Wayhyll, at
ij	30	g	Leycester, at Newbery, at Basingstoke.

Prime. Octoberhath.xxxi.dayes.

	1	A	The firſt day, the ſun ryſeth 36. minuts
x	2	b	after 6. ſetteth 24. minuts after 5.
	3	c	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 47. minuts af-
xviij	4	d	ter 6. ſetteth 13. minuts after 5.
vij	5	e	The 16. day, ſun ryſeth 3. minutes af-
	6	f	ter 7. ſetteth 13. minutes after 4.
xv	7	g	The 24. day, ſun ryſeth 19. munites af-
iiij	8	A	ter 7 ſetteth 41. minutes after 4.
	9	b	
xij	10	c	
i	11	d	The. 6. daye at Saint Faithes, beſide
	12	e	Norwiche, and at Maidſtone.
ix	13	f	The. 8. daye, at Harford, at Harborow,
	14	g	at Biſhop Stratforde.
xviij	15	A	The. 13. day, at Graueſende at Winſor,
	16	b	at Markfeld, at Colcheſter.
vi	17	c	The. 18. day, being ſaint Luke Euan-
xiiij	18	d	geliſtes day, at Ely, at Bridgenorth, at
ij	19	e	Stanton, at Charing, at Burton vppon
	20	f	Trent, at Friſkwiues in Oxforde.
xj	21	g	The. 21. daye at Saffron Walden, at
	22	A	Newmarket, at Hattforde, at Cicester &
xix	23	b	at Stokeſley.
viii	24	c	The. 23. day, at Preſton, at Richdale
	25	d	in Lancaſhyre, at Bickerſwoorthe, at
xvj	26	e	lower Knotſworth in Cheſhyre, at Whyt-
v	27	f	church in Shropſhyre.
	28	g	Simon and Jude.
xiij	29	A	The 30. day, being all Saints euen, at
ij	30	b	Wakefeelde in yorkſhyre, at Reythen in

			Makerelde in Yorkshyre, at Keythen in
f	1	d	All Saintes.
	2	e	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 30. minutes
xviij	3		after 7. ſetteth 30. minutes after 4.
viij	4	g	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 42. minutes af-
	5	A	ter 7. ſetteth 18. minuts after 4.
xv	6	b	The 16. day, ſun ryſeth 51. minutes af-
iiij	7	c	ter 7. ſetteth 4. minutes after 3.
	8	d	The 24. day, ſunne ryſeth at 8. ſetteth
xij	9	e	at 4.
j	10	f	
ix	11	g	All ſoules, at Bleſſingley, at Kirgſton.
	12	A	S. Leonarde, at Stanbl[illegible] Dawſ-
	13	b	port ponde, at Trumpy, in Cornwale,
xviij	14	c	at Salforth, at Keſwyke in Lancaſhyre.
vj	15	d	Martin biſhop, at Kenton, at Marlebo-
	16	e	row, at Douer.
xviij	17	f	S. Hugh. Init. Reg. Eliz. at Harow,
iij	18	g	at Hyde.
	19	A	Brice, at S. Edmunds burie, at Eyl-
xi	20	b	ford.
xix	21	c	
viij	22	d	S. Elizabeth, at Horſham.
	23	e	Edmund king, at Hide, at Ingerſton.
	24	f	S. Clement, at Sandwich.
xvj	25	g	
v	26	A	The, 30. day, being ſaint Andrewe the
	27	b	Apoſtles day, at Colyngborowe, at Ro-
xiij	28	c	cheſter, at Peterfeld, at Maydenhead,
x	29	d	at Warington in Lancaſhyre, at Bewd-
iij	30	e	ley, at Bareford in Yorkſhyre, at Oſ-
			ſtrie in Wales.

	1	f	The firſt day, ſun ryſeth 6. minutes af-
xviii	2	g	ter 8. ſetteth 54. minutes after 3.
vij	3	A	The 8. day, ſun ryſeth 10. minuts af-
	4	b	ter 8. ſetteth 50. minutes after 3.
xv	5	c	The 13. day, ſun ryſeth 15. minutes af-
iiii	6	d	ter 4. ſetteth 45. minuts after 3.
	7	e	The 24. day. ſun ryſeth 5. min. after 8.
xii	8	f	ſetteth 55. minuts after 3.
i	9	g	The 13. day the ſhorteſt day.
	10	A	¶ To make cleane your Tables,
ix	11	b	when they are written on.
	12	c	Take a lyttle peece of a Spunge, or a
xvii.	13	d	Linnen cloath, being cleane without a-
	14	e	ny ſoyle: wet it in water, and wring it
vi	15	f	hard, & wipe that you haue wryten very
xiiii	16	g	lightly, and it wyll out, and within one
iii.	17	A	quarter of an howre, you maye write in
	18	b	the ſame place agayne: & put not your
xi	19	c	leaues togethr, whylſt they be very wet
xix	20	d	with wyping. Faſt.
	21	e	Thomas Apoſtle.
viii	22	f	The. vj. day, at Spalding, at Sinock
	23	g	at Exceter, at Arndale.
xvi	24	A	Faſt.
v	25	b	Chriſtmaſſe day.
	26	c	Saint Stephen.
xiii	27	d	John Euangeliſt.
ii	28	e	Innocentes day.
	29	f	The. xxix. day, at Canterbury, at Sa-
x	30	g	liſbury.

Prayer, to bee vſed Morning and Euening of euery houſholder in theyr houſes, or of any other priuatlie.

Morning Prayer.

ALmighty God and moſt mercifull Father, we doo not preſent our ſelues heere before thy maieſtie, truſting in our owne merits or worthines, but in thy manifolde mercies, which haſte promiſed to hear our prayers, and graunt our requeſts, which we ſhall make to thee in the name of thy beloued ſonne Jeſus Chriſt our Lorde: therefore wee beſeeche thee moſte mercifull Father, to turne thy louing countenaunce towards vs, & impute not vnto vs our manifold ſinnes and offences, whereby we iuſtly deſerue thy wrath & ſharpe punishment, but rather receiue vs to thy mercy for Jeſus Chriſtes ſake, accepting his death and paſſion as a iuſt recompence for all our offences, in whom onely thou art pleaſed, and through whō thou canſt not bee offended with vs. And ſeeing that of thy great mercies wee haue quietly paſſed this night, graunt (O heauenly Father) that wee may beſtow this day wholy in thy ſeruice, ſo that all our thoughts, wordes and deedes, may redound

to the glory of thy name. And because thou hast commaunded vs to pray one for another, we here (O Lord) with most humble minde crave of thy diuine Maiestie to be mercifull vnto the vniuersall Church of thy Sonne Christe, and specially according to our bounden duetie, beseech thee for hys sake to bless, saue, and defend, the principall member thereof, thy seruaunt, our most deere and louereigne Lady Queene Elizabeth, encrease in her royall harte true faith, godly zeale, and loue of the same: And graunt her victory ouer all her ennemies, a longe, prosperous, and honorable life vpon earth, a blessed ende: and life euerlasting.

Moreouer (O Lord) graunt vnto her Maiesties moste honorable Counsellers, and euerye other member of this thy Church of England, that they and we in our seuerall callings, may truelye and godly serue thee. Plant in our hartes true feare, and honour of thy name, obedience to our Prince, and loue to our neighbours: Encrease in vs true fayth and religion: replenish our mindes wyth all goodnes, and of thy greate mercie keepe vs in the same till the end of our liues: Giue vnto vs a godly zeale in prayer, true humilitye in prosperity, perfect patience in aduersitye, and continuall ioy in the holy ghost.

Graunt vs deere Father these our requestes, and all other thinges necessary for vs and thy holy Church, according to thy promise in Christe Iesus our Lord. In whose name wee beseech thee, as he hath taught vs, saying: Our Father which art in heauen, &c.

O Lorde God, Father euerlasting and full of

in heauen. &c.

O Lorde God, Father euerlasting and full of pitty, we acknowledge and confesse that wee be not worthy to lifte vp our eyes to heauen much lesse to present our selues before thy maiesty with confidence that thou wilt heare our prayers and graunt our requestes, if we consider our owne deseruings: for our consciences doo accuse vs, and our sinnes witnes against vs, and we knowe thou art an vpright Judge, which doest not iustifie the sinners & wicked men, but punishest the faults of all such as transgresse thy commaundements, yet moste mercifull Father, since it hath pleased thee to commaunde vs to call on thee in all our troubles and aduersities, promising euen then to helpe vs, when wee feele our selues (as it were) swallowed vppe of death and desperation: Wee vtterly renounce all worldlye confidence, and flye to thy soueraigne bountye, as our onely staye and refuge: beseeching thee not to call to remembraunce our manifolde sinnes and wickednesse wherebye wee continuallye prouoke thy wrath and indignation against vs: neyther our negligence and vnkindnes, which haue neyther worthy to esteemed, nor in our liues sufficently expressed the sweete comforte of thy Gospell reuealed vnto vs: But rather to accept ꝑ death and obedience of thy sonne Jesus Christe, who by offering vp his body in Sacrifice once for all, hath made a sufficient recõpence for all our sinnes. Haue mercie therfore vpon vs o Lord, & forgiue vs our offences. For these and whatsoeuer else, let vs say: Our Father &c.

A breefe and necessarie Table for such as buie any kinde of merchandies or commodities by the hundreth to retail by the pounde, which vnto some (not very expert in reckning) may be a good helpe. As this a q. the pounde, maketh ij. s. iiij. d. the hundreth, at fiue score and xij. l. the hundreth, and so of any other sum, as followeth in this Table.

Money by the pound.		Money by the hundreth at. cxij.	
a. q.		ij.s.iiij.d.	
a ob.	the pound maketh.	iiij.s. viij.d	the hundreth.
a ob. q.		vij.s.	
j.d.		ix.s.iiij.d.	
j.d. q.		xi.s.viij.d.	
j.d.ob.		xiiij.s.	
j.d.ob.q.		xvj.s. iiij.d.	the hundreth.
ij. d.	the pound maketh.	xviij.s.viij.d.	
ij.d. q.		j.l.j.s.	
ij.d.ob.		j.l. iij.s.iiij.d.	
ij.d.ob. q.		j.l. v.s.viij.d.	
iij.d.		j.l.viij.s.	
iij.d.q.	the pound	j.l.x.s.iiij.d.	the hun=
iij.d.ob.	maketh.	j.l.xij.s.viij.d.	dreth.
ij d.ob.q.		j.l. xv.s.	
iiij.d.		j.l.xviij.s.iiij.d.	
iiij.d.q.		j.l.xix.s.viij.d.	
iiij.d ob.		ij.l.ij.s.	
v.d.q.		ij.l.ix.s.	

iiij.d.ob.		iij.l.ij.s.	
v.d.q.		ij.l.ix.s.	
v. d.ob.	the pound	ij.l.xj.s.viij.d	
v.d.ob.q.	maketh.	ij.l.viij.s.viij.d.	the hun=
vj.d.		ij.l.xvj.s.	dzeth.
vj.d.q.		ij.l. xviij.s.iiij.d	
vj.d.ob.		iij.l. viij.d.	
vj.d.ob.q.		iij.l.iij.s.	
vij.d.		iij.l.v.s.iij.d.	
vij.d.q.	the pound	iij.l.vij.s.viij.	the hun=
vij.d.ob.	maketh	iij.l.x.s.	dzeth.
viij.d.ob.q.		iij.l.xij.s.iiij.d.	
viij.d.		iij.l.xiij.s.viij.	
viij.d.q.		iij.l.xviij.s.	
viij.d.ob.		iij.l.xix.s.iiij.d.	
viij. do.b.q.		iiij.l.j.s.viij.d.	the hun=
ix.d.	the pound	iiij.l.iiij.s	dzeth.
ix.d.q.	maketh.	iiij.l.vj.s.iiij.d.	
ix.d.ob.		iiij.l.viij.s.viij.d	
ix.d.ob.q.		iiij.l.xj.s.	
x.d.		iiij.l.xiij.s.iiij.d.	
x.d.q.		v.ij.l.xv.s.viij.d.	
x.d.ob.	the pouud	iiij.l.xviij.s.	the hun=
x.d.ob.q.	maketh.	v.l. iiij.d.	dzeth.
xj.d.		v.l.ij, s.viij.d.	
xj.d.q.		v.l.v.s.	
xj.d.ob.		v.l.viij.s.iiij.	
xj.d.ob.q.		v.l.ix.s,viij.d.	

xij.ð.	the pound maketh.	b.l.xij.s.	the hundzeth.
xij.d.q.		v.l.xiij.s.iiij.ð.	
xij.d.ob.		v.l.xvj.s. viij.ð.	
xij.d.ob.q.		v.l.xix.s.	

And for to reckon any thing, at fiue score the hundzeth, this Table may serue, onely rebating the xij. in pounds and money, as a q. the pound, at v. score the hundzeth, maketh ij.s.j.ð. the hundzeth. and so of any other. And if you will you may make thys Table serue for any greater prises than is heere set down, as xvj.d. the pound, what it is the hundzeth: looke in the Table for xij.d. the pound, which is v.l.xij.s. the hundzeth, ad to that iiij. d. the pound, which in the Table makes j.l. xvij.s. iiij. d. the hundzeth, adde both together, and it maketh viij.l.ix.s.iiij.d. the hundzeth.

THus louing Reader, I haue drawne this and other necessary tables following: not for that I take vpon me to teach any of more experience than my selfe, but for the vse of the vnskilfull, which are not so quick and ready in reconing, yet notwithstanding the quickest memory may sometime faile, in as small matters as these are.

A discription of Waights and measures.

IT is to be vnderstoode, that where heeretofore I haue set forth a difference of waights and measures, as Troy, & Haberdewpoise, it is so. By a statute made in the eleuenth yeere of Henry the seauenth, there ought to bee but one sorte of waights and measures. As twenty foure Berly Cornes drie, and taken out of the middest of the eare, doth make a penny waight, xx. of those penie waights make an ounce, and xii. of these ounces make a pound of Troy waight, or a pynt of mea-

waights make an ounce, and xii. of these ounces make a pound of Troy waight, or a pynt of measure, ij. pounds, or two pintes make a quart, eight pounds or pints make a Gallon, two Gallons or xvi. pints make a pecke, eight Gallons or lxiiij. pound maketh a Bushell, two Bushells maketh a Strike, foure Bushells a Coume. Raser, or Cornocke. eyght Bushells, which is lxiiij. Gallons, or fiue C. xij. pound, maketh a quarter or Seame of corn. Also the Firkin containeth 8. Gallons, which is lxiiij. pounds or pints, and 4. Firkins or xxxij. Gallons make the Barrel, (but the Beere measure containeth 4. Gallons more in the Barrell then any other vessell) and of Wine measure, ꝑ Rondle must contayne xvi. Gallons, & a halfe, the Barell xxxij. Gallons & a halfe, the Tearce xlj. Gallons, and the Hogshead lxiij. Gallons, the Ponchion or Tercian lxxxiij. Gallons, the Pipe one C. xxvi. Gallons, the Tun ij. C. xxv. Gallons, the malmesey Butte i. C. xxvi. Gallons, which measure is according to the Statute. The Haberdupoyse is a waight not alowed by statute (of whēce thoriginal came is not certainly knowne) which waight containeth xvi. ounces to ꝑ pound, which xvi. ounces are lighter then the Troy xvi. ounces, i. ounce and almost iij. quarters, and yet is sold by it tin, leade, Hempe, Flax, with all other kinde of marchandise, and vnto euery hundred is allowed xij. ℔. waight by the common Beame: also the way of Cheese must containe xxxij. Cloues, recokoning to euery Cloue viij. ℔, which is two C. lvi. ℔. to the way.

Also

Also Woll is sold by ꝑ stone, euery stone must con-
taine xiiij.li.xxvi.stone to ꝑ sack, according to the
statute, Beefe is sold by ꝑ scoze, but most commõly
by ꝑ stone, the stone contayning viij. li. & all other
commodities of tale are solde by ꝑ hundzed, hauing
v. scoze to the C. except Cattell and fishe, which is
solde foz vj. scoze to the hundzed.

¶ Measure of length

As three Barly cozns measured from end to end
make an inche, xij. inches a foote, iij. foote a yarde,
v. yardes and a halfe a rodde poole, oz pearch, xl
roodes in length, and iiij. in bzeadth, containeth an
Aker of land, and xl. rods in length (only) maketh
a furlong, viij. furlongs maketh an English mile,
which is i.M.viij.C.xl yardes, oz v.M.ij.C.lxxx
foote, oz lxiij.M.iij.C.xl.ynches, and of Barley
cozns i.C.lxxx. and ten thousand, and four scoze,
measured from end to end, maketh the measure of
an English mile, & some reckon the mile to be one
1000. paces, but it must bee 1017. paces of our
measure, reckoning v. feete to the pace, and a step
is ij. feete & a halfe, a fadome, viij. feete is an eng-
lish ell, iij. feet, nine inches. Which measures differ
from that of other countris, which haue a rule of
Geometricall measure as 4. barly cozns in thick-
nes make a finger of measure, 4. fingers a hande,
4. of those handes in bzeadth a foote, v. of those
feete a Geometricall pace, & a C.xxv. paces a fur-
long, viij. furlongs oz one M. paces, v. feete to a
pace maketh an Italyan mile. and iij.M. paces a
league, and 4000. paces a common Dutch myle.
& 5000. paces a [illegible]

¶ A briefe Rule shewing the iust payment of
wages oz expenses by day, [illegible] amounteth to

¶ A briefe Rule shewing the iust payment of wages or expenses by day, what amounteth to in the whole yeere, reckoning euery penny a pound, a halfe pound, a groat, a penny, all put together, sheweth the summe for the whole yeere: as thus. A penny a day, is j. pound, one halfe pound, j. groat, j penny: which in the yeere is xxx. shillings, v. pence: and so of any other, as xij. pence a day, is xij. poundes, xij. halfe poundes, xij. groats, xij. pence, which in the yeere is xxvij. pound, v. shillings.

The beginning and ending of the Tearmes.

Hillary terme beginneth the xxiij. of January, and endeth the .xij. or xiij. of February, and hath foure returnes. viz. Octabis Hillarii. Quind. Hillarii. Crastin. Purific. Octabis Purific.

Easter terme beginneth xvij. daies after Easter, and endeth the Munday next after the Assention day, and hath fiue returnes: viz. Quind Paschæ. Tres Paschæ. Mense Paschæ. Quinque Paschæ. Crast. Ascention.

Trinitie terme beginneth the xij. day after Whitsunday, and continueth xix. dayes and hath foure returnes: viz. Crastin. Trinita. Octabis Trinita. Quind Trinitat. Tres Trinitat.

Michaelmas tearme beginneth the ix. or x. day of October, and endeth the xxvij. or xxix. day of Nouember, and hath viij. returnes: viz. Octabis Michael. Quind Michael. Tres Michael Mense Michael. Crastin. Anima. Crastin. Martin. Octabis Martin. Quind Martini.

The Exchequer doth opē. 8. daies before any terme except Trinity terme, thē it openeth. 4. daies before

The high vvayes from any notable towne in England, to the Cittie of London: newly collected and set foorth in a more larger and better manner then heretofore hath beene.

¶ From Barwicke to Yorke.

From Barwicke to Belford.	xii. myle
From Belford to Anwicke.	xii. myle
From Anwicke to Morpit.	xii. myle
From Morpit to Newcastle.	xii. myle
From Newcastle to Durham.	xii. myle
From Durham to Darington.	xiiii. myle
From Darington to Northalerton.	x. myle
From Northalerton to Topclyfe.	vii. myle
From Topclyfe to Yorke.	xvi. myle

¶ From Yorke to London.

From Yorke to Tadcaster.	viii. myle
From Tadcaster to Wentbridge.	xii. myle
From Wentbridge to Dancaster.	vii. myle
From Dancaster to Tuxford.	xviii. myle
From Tuxford to Newmarke.	x. myle
From Newmarke to Grantham.	x. myle
From Grantham to Stamford.	xvi. myle
From Stamford to Stilton.	xii. myle
From Stilton to Huntington.	ix. myle
From Huntington to Royston.	xv. myle
From Royston to Ware.	xiii. myle
From Ware to Waltham.	viii. myle
From Waltham to London.	xii. myle

¶ From Cokermouth to Newcastle and so to London.

From Cokermouth to [illegible]

[illegible] myle

From [illegible] to Boscener. viii. myle

From Boscener to Kendale xiiij. myle

From Kendale to Burton. viij. myle

from Kendale to Kendale xiiij.myle
from Kendale to Burton. vij.myle
from Burton to Lancaster. vij.myle
from Lancaster to Preston. xx.myle
from Preston to Wygan. xiiij.myle
from Wygan to Warington. xij.myle
from Warington to Newcastle. xx.myle
from Newcastle to Lychfeld xx myle
from Lychfeld to Couentry. xx. myle, and so to London, as in the way from Couentry apeareth.

¶ Frō S. Dauids to Glocester, and so to London.

From S. Dauids to Arfozd. xij.myle.
from Arfozd to Carmerden. xxiiij.myle
from Carmerden to Newton. xij.myle
from Newton to Lanbury. x.myle
from Lanbury to Brecknock. xvj.myle
from Brecknock to Hay. x.myle
from Hay to Harfozd. xiiij.myle
from Harfozd to Rosso. xj.myle
from Rosso to Glocester. xij.myle
from Glocester to Cicester. xv.myle
from Cicester to Farington. xij.myle
from Farington to Abington. x.myle
from Abington to Dozchester. v.myle
from Dozchester to Henly. xij.myle
from Henly to Maydenhead. vij.myle
from maydenhead to Colbroke. vij. myle
from Colbroke to Hounslow. v.myle
from Hounslow to London. x.myle.

¶ Frō Carmarthē to Wozcester, and so to London.

From Carmarthen to Laundouery. xx.myle

from

From Launcouery to Belthe xiiii.mile
From Belthe to Pzeston xii.myle
From Pzeston to Wozcester. xxvi.myle
From Wozcester to Cuesham xii.mile
From Cuesham to Chippingnozton xiii.myle
From Chippingnozton to Jslip xii.myle
From iSlip to Wickam. xx myle
From Wickam to Beconsfeeld v.myle
From Beconsfeeld to Oxbzidge vii.myle
From Oxbzidge to London. xv.myle

¶ From Carnaruan to Chester, and so to Couentrie, and so to London.

From Carnaruan to Conway. xxiiii. myle
From Conway to Denbigh xi. myle
From denbigh to Flynt, xii.myle
From Flynt to Chester. x.myle
From Chester to Wyche. xv.mile
From Wych to Stone xv.myle
From Stone to Lychfeeld xvi.myle
From Lychfeeld to Colesyl xii.mile
From Colesyl to Couentry viii.myle
From Couentry to deyntry xiiii.myle
From deyntry to Tocester x.mile
From tocester to Stonystratford vi.myle
From Stonystratford to Bzickhill, vii.myle.
From Bzickhill to dunstable vii.myle
From dunstable to saint Albones x.myle
From S. Albones to Barnet. x.myle
From Barnet to London. x.mile

¶ From S. Burien in Cornewall to Excester.

From S. Burien to the mount x.myle
From the mount to Truro. xii.myle
From truro to Bodmin. xii.myle
From Bodmin to Launstone. xx.myle

from Truro to Bodmin. xii.myle
from Bodmin to Launstone. xx,myle
from Launstone to Okhamton xv,myle,
from Okhampton to Crockhornewell, x,myle
from Crockhornewell to Excester x,myle

From Excester to Salisbury, and so to London.

From Excester to Honiton, xii,myle
from Honiton to Charde x,myle
from Charde to Crockhorne. vi,myle
from Crochorne to Sherborne. x,myle
from Sherborne to Shaftsburye xii.my.
from Shaftsbury to Salisburye xviii.myl.
from Salisburye to Andeuer xv.myle
from Andeuer to Basingstoke xvi,myle
from Basingstoke to Hartlerow viii.myle
from Hartlerow to Bagshot viii.myle,
from Bagshot to Staines viii.myle
from Staines to London. xv,myle

¶ From Bristowe to London.

From Bristow to Markeelde. x.myle
from markeld to Chypnam. x,myle
from Chipnam to marleborowe. xv,myle
from marleborowe to Hungerford. viii,myle
from Hungerford to Newbery. vi.myle
from Newbery to Reading xv. myle
from Reading to maydenhead. x,myle
from maydenhead to Colbrooke. vii.myle
fromColbrooke to London. xv,myle

¶ From Lincolne to London.

From Lincolne to Ancaster
from Ancaster to Bitsheeld.
from Bitsheeld to Staunford.

from

from Staunthorp to Stilton, as it is in your way

¶ From Nottingham to Leicester, & so to London.

From Nottingham to Lugborough. viii. myle
from Lugborough to Leicester, viii. myle
from Leicester to Harborough xii. myle
from Harborough to Northhampton, xii. myle
from Northhampton to Stony Stratford x. myle,
& so to London, as in ỳ way to country appeareth

¶ From Boston to London.

From Boston to Bourne xviii. myle
from Bourne to Stilton. xviii. myle
and so to London as in yorke way.

¶ From Cambridge to London.

From Cambridge to Slow, from Slowe to Barkway, from Barkway to Puckrich, from Puckrich to Ware, in all. xxv. myle
from Ware to Waltam viii. myle
from Waltam to London. xii. myll

¶ From Oxford to London.

From Oxford to Whetlebridge v. myle
from Whetlebridge to tetsworth, v. myle
from tetsworth to Stoken church v. myle
from Stoken Church to Wrbridge xvii. myle
from Wrbridge to London. xv. myle

¶ From Douer to London.

From Douer to Canterbury. xii. myle
from Canterbury to Sittingburne xii. myle
from Sittingburne to Rochester viii. myle
from Rochester to Grauesende v. myle
from Grauesend to Darforde. vi. myle
from darford to London. xii. myle

¶ From Rye to London.

From Rye to Wynnwell. xv. myle
from Winnwell to tunbridge vii. mi.
from tunbridge to Chepstow xv. myle
from Chepstow to London

from tunbridge to Chepstow vii.mi.
from Chepstow to London xv.myle

¶ From yarmouth to Ipswych, and so to Colchester, and so to London.

From yarmouth to Uestoffe vi.myle
from Uestoffe to Blibur x.mile
from Blibur to Snapbridge viii.my.
from Snapbridge to Woodbridge viii.mile
from Woodbridge to Ipswych v.myle
from Ipswych to Colchester xii.mile
from Colchester to elsterfeeld, xiii.myle
from elsterfeeld to Chelmesford x.myle
from Chelmesford to Brentwood x.myle
from Brentwood to London xv. myle

¶ From Walsingham to London.

From Walsingham to Pecknam xii.mile
from Pecknam to Brandon ferry xv.myle
from Brandon ferry to Newmarket xiiii.myle
from Newmarket to Mytfordbridg, x.mile
from Mytfordbridge to Barkway x.myle
from Barkway to Ware xii.myle
from Ware to Waltam viii.myle
from Waltam to London. xii.myle

¶ From yarmouth to Norwich, & so to London
from yarmouth to Ockell viii.myle
from Ockell to Norwich viii.myle
from Norwych to Windam, frō Windam to Acleyborough Alias Atilborough x.myle
from Atilborough to thetford x. myle
from thetford to Icklingham sands. vi.myle
from Icklingham sands to Newmarket. x. myle
and so to London as in Walsingham way.

A Table of the difference of the fynes of Golde.

	Angell Golde	French crown.g.	Soueran Golde.
A pownd Waight.	3 6.li.	33.li.	30.li.
An Ounce.	3 .li.	55.s.	50 s.
The halfe ounce.	30.s.	27.s.6.d.	25.s.
Quarter of an ouce.	15.s.	13.s.9.d	12.s.6.d.
Halfe quarter of an Ounce.	7.s.6.d.	6 s.10 d. 1/2	6 s.3. d.
Farthing Golde Waight.	3 s.9 d.	3 s.5 d. 1/4	3 s.1 d. 1/2
Penny waight.	3.s.	2 s. 9 d.	2 s. 6 d.
A Grayne.	1 d. 1/2	1.d. 1/4. 1/8	1d. 1/4

A Breife table of the valure of golde. what it is worth from ꝑ grayne to ꝑ pound, whereby you may know ꝑ value of any peece of straunge Gold which maycom to your hands, knowing ꝑ waight & fines, as Angell golde, the penny waight is 3 s. French crowne gold, 2 s.9 d. Soueraine gold, 2 s 6 d. and al other peeces moze oz lesse waight, this table doth direct.

IT is to be vnderstoode (gentle Reader) ꝑ wher: as the weight is called by the name of a peny: it is not meant a peny of siluer money, but a peny of goldsmiths waight, which is made by ꝑ waight of xxtij. Barley graines dry, and taken out of the midest of ꝑ eare, so xx. of these pēny waights make an ounce, and xij. ounces make a pound Troy.

Angell Noble. The Reall.

George Noble.

3.p.8.gr.

Angell Noble.

3.p.7.gr.¼

The Reall.

4.p.3.gr.

½ George Noble.

1.p.12.gr.

½ Angell Noble.

1.p.15.gr.½ ⅛

½ . Reall .

2.p.11.gr.½ ¼

First Crone. HK.

2.p.9.gr.

Salute.

2.p.5.gr.

Olde Noble.

4.p.9.gr.¼

Bale. Croue. HK.

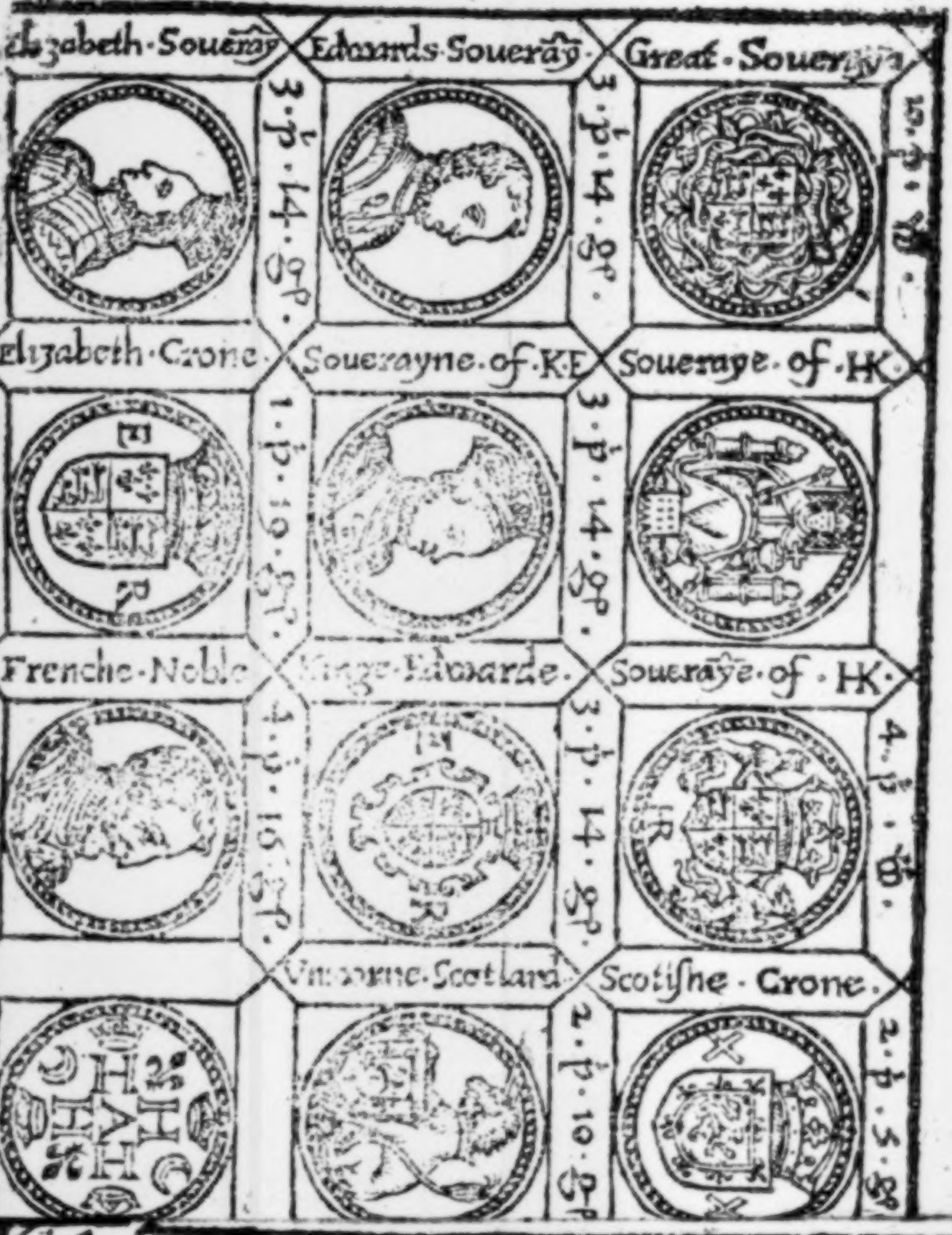
2.p.

2. ptes of Salute.

1.p.11.gr.⅛

½ . Olde Noble.

The second Picture.



Phel[illegible]ppus·Real·

3·p·10·st·½·

Frenche·Croune·

2·p·5·st·½·

Frenche·Croune·

2·p·5·st·½·

Phelippus·Real·

3·p·10·st·½·

Olde·Frenche·Croun

2·p·5·st·

Frenche·Croune·

2·p·5·st·½·

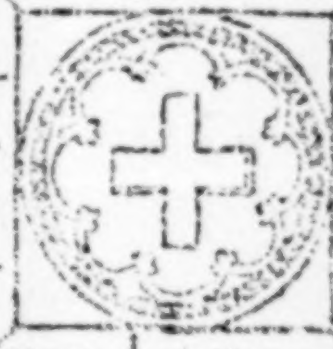
Phelippus·Croune

2·p·5·st·½·

Flanders·Ridder·

2·p·6·st·

Frenche·Croune



2·p·5·st·½·

Colen·Gulden·

2·p·2·st·¼·

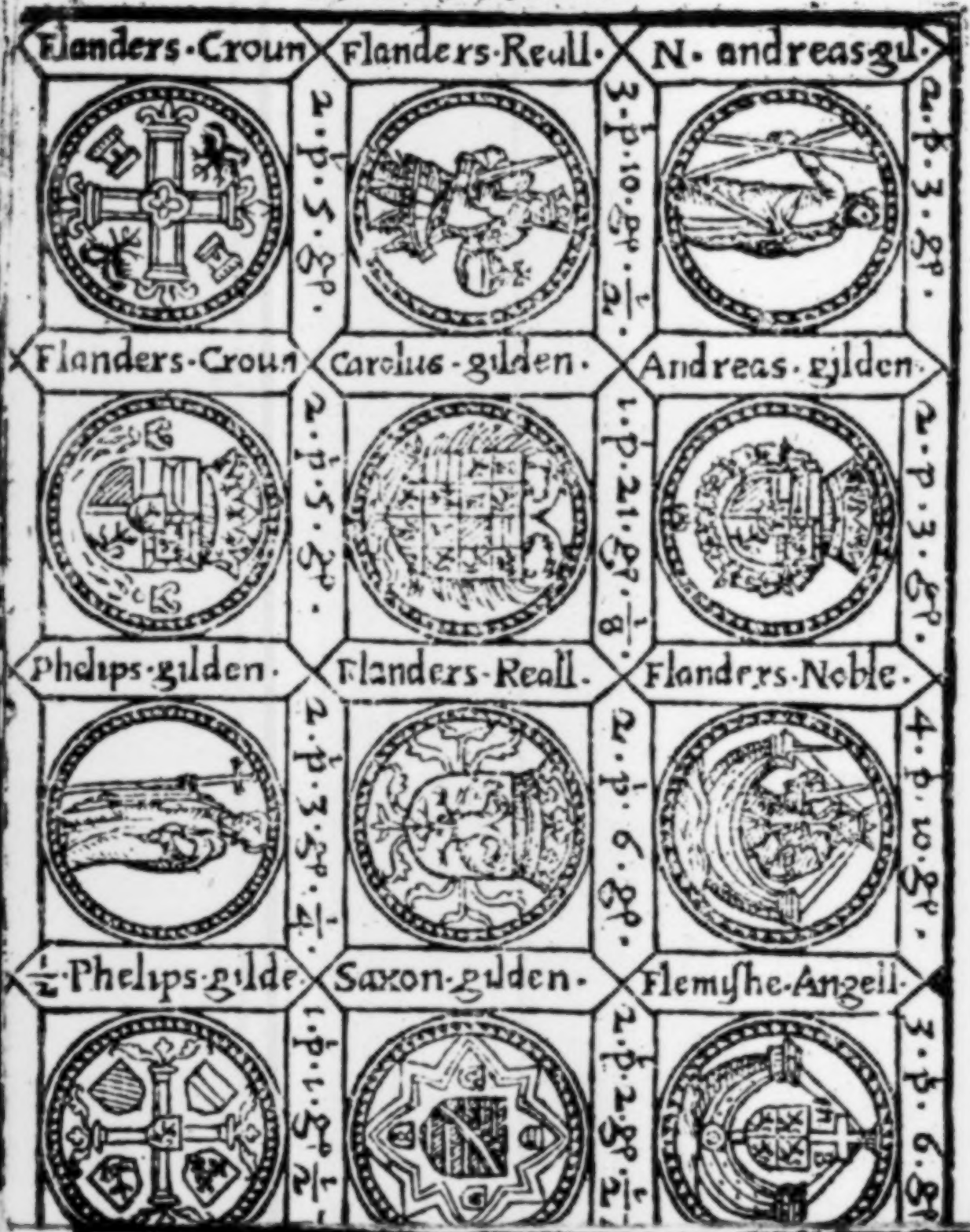
Gelders·Ridder

2·p·2·st·

Frenche·Croune

2·p·5·st·

The foirth Picture.



Mille. Rayes.

4. p. 20. gr.

Horne. gilden.

1. p. 12. gr. 1/4.

golden. lion.

2. p. 16. gr. 1/4.

1/2 Mille. Rayes.

2. p. 10. gr.

Olde. Andreas.

2. p. 3. gr. 1/4.

1/3 pte of golde lio.

21. gr. 1/2.

Portegu.

1. 03. 2. p. 16. gr.

Crusado.

2. p. 6. gr.

too. 1/3 pte. G. lion.

1. p. 19. gr.

Portegu.

1. 03. 2. p. 18. gr.

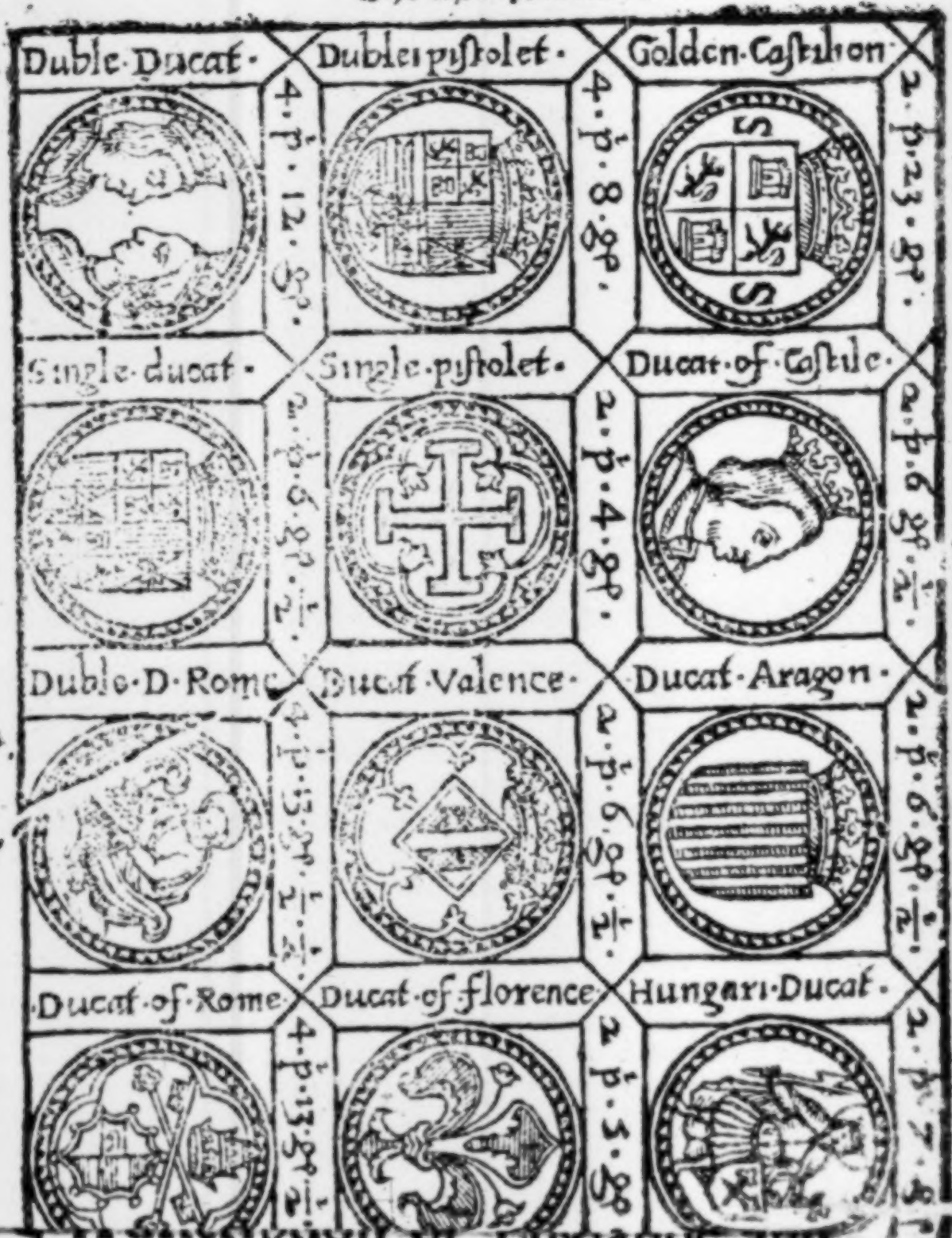
Crusado.

2. p. 6. gr. 1/2.

daund. gilden.

2. p. 2. gr.

The first Picture.



The description of England and

The discription of Englande and *VVales, with the commodities thereof,* the names of the Byshoprickes and Shyres, with a briefe collection of the most notable Acts of the Kings of England since the conquest, with the day of their entrance, death, and place of buriall.

BRittain, is an Iland situate in the occean sea: and part of which Iland, Englishmen doo inhabit, and is called England: the other part called Wales, wherein Welchmen doo inhabit: the third is named Scotland, wherein Scots doo inhabit: and the fourth part Cornishmen doo inhabit, commonly called Cornwall, all they either in language, condition, or lawes, doo differ amongst themselues.

England is the greatest part, which abounded in all manner fruitfulnes, and hath sufficient store in it selfe, for the sustentation of the inhabitants: as no land in the world can say more. For it hath beene sayd of long since, that all Countreys hath neede of England or Britaine: and Britaine it selfe, neede of none, although gold and siluer doo not increase in such abundance, as in other countreies, (which if it be needfull to haue gold at all) yet England is not voyde of them both. But that the inhabitants in generall, are prouided of such store, both of pure golde and siluer, (as coyne and furniture for the table, with plate) as no Nation in Christendome hath the lyke. Yet in Eng-

lande, there is both golde and siluer mines, and great store of tinne, lead, yron, steele, copper, brasse: also precious stones and pearles, as Aetites and the Hematites, also the Calcidon, the Porphyre, the Caliminaries, and Speculares, and Christall, both pure and good, also a kind of Diamant or Adamant, which is faire to sight, but not so hard as other of forrain countries, also white Coral, with diuers others of great price, being found in clifts and rocks, whereof such as doo find them, hauing no knowledge in them, or els beeing seduced by strangers, in discouraging vs from fetching and seeking our owne commodities: to the ende, that wee may haue the more vtterance of their vnnaturall and polished stones and wares, whych they make, whereby they get great gaines, which is the cause ours are of little estimation and not sought for.

Also, great store of Quarries of stone for building: as alabaister, touchstone, of all sorts of marble, of free stone, &c. so that no Nation hath more diuersitie or choyse of excellent stones to build withal, than England hath, if we our selues could like of them. But such is our nature, that not our owne commodities, but others, most of all delight vs. Also great store of mineralles, as quicksiluer, salphure, black lead, allom, or pimint, red & yellow, vermilion, copperas, bitomeum, in olde time vsed for mortar, & to burne in Lampes where oyle was scant, salt peter to make powder for Guns, salsodiack to make glasses, the minerall stone, whereof natrolour is made, the minerall vessels, which of late were inuented, and they are digged out of the maine lande, and in sundry

black to make glasse, the mineralls people, which of
are digged out of the maine lande, and in sundrie
places farre from the Sea, with infinite others,
which are heere too long to recite.

Also, great store of coale pittes or mines, which
will suffice for the whole Realme: which they are
like to doo, if Wooddes be not better maintayned
& cherished hereafter, than they are at this present.
Also, there are Bathes & springs of excellent ver-
tue, which cures diuers kinds of diseases: also,
geeat store of Saffron: wyth all sortes of greene
hearbes of most excellent vertue, both pleasant to
the eye and taste.

Also diuers sorts of fruit trees, with all sorts of
trees, and as yet, great store of trees for building,
and making of ships, (the like whereof are not in
the whole world:) and also great store of Fish of
all kindes: wyth all manner of Foule, both wilde
and tame, in great aboundance: and especially for
beastes and cattell, as Deare, redde and fallowe,
Connies, Hares, &c. and great store of sheepe and
oxen, whereof commeth such store of wooll, Cloth,
and Lether, butter and cheese, which dooth reple-
nish most Countries in Christendome, which they
hardly might want. Also great store of grayne, &
corne, of all kindes: which if I should rehearse all
the commodities our Country doth yeeld, by par-
ticuler name, it would require a great volume: for
there is no Nation vnder the sunne, that may say
so much as ours, sith we do want nothing that is
necessary or conuenient. But if there be any thing
which we do want, (although not so necessary) it is

not

no[illegible] soyle will not yeeld it, (but that we are loth to take the paynes in dressing and planting it) as it is recorded of old time, that the commodities which we want now, hath been by them maintayned and sought out, having no recourse else where to fetch it. But now for our fine cloth, tinne, Leade, Felles, leather, corne, butter, cheese, and other good commodities for men, is exchaunged & brought ouer from beyond the seas, great store of trifles for childre, as halfpeny cockhorses, babies, leaden swordes, counterfeite beades, and infinite such toyes, and painted gew gaws for fooles, and dog tricks for dolts: whereby we reape iust mocking and reproch, so that some of them will not stick with vs to say, they can buy the case of a fox of an Englishman for iiij. pence, and sell the tayle againe to vs for vij. pence, saying, pittie it is such fooles should haue so fruitfull a land. But would to God we might were once wiser and each one of vs endeuour our selues, that the common wealth of England may florish, and that our commodities may be fully wrought at home in our owne country, thereby to set many on work, which are fayn to goe a begging or else to starue, whilst our commodities are wrought in other forraine Countries: whereby we shew our selues very vngratefull vnto God and our common wealth.

Also England, which is the greatest part, is deuided into xxxix. Countryes or shires, whereof ten, that is to say, Kent, Sussex, Surry, South hampton, Barkshire, Wylshire, Dorcetshire, Sommersetshire, Deuonshire, and Cornewall, doth contain

the

the first part of this Iland: which part bounding

the first part of this Iland: which part bounding toward the South, standing between the Thames and the Sea. From thence to the ryuer of Trent, which passeth through the middest of England, be xvj. shires, whereof the first six standing Eastward, are Kent, Middlesex, Hartfordshire, Suffolk, Norfolke, and Cambridgshire The other x. which standeth more in the midst of the Country, are these, Bedford, Huntington, Buckingham, Oxenford, North-hampton, Rutland, Leicester, Nottingham Warwick, & Lincoln. After these there be six, which border Eastward vpon Wales: as Glocester, Hereford, Worcester, Shropshire, Stafford shire, & Cheshire: and about the middle of the Region, Darbishire, Yorkeshire, Lancashire, and Comberland: and on the West side, is Westmerland, and against the same, is the Bysshoprick of Durham: & Northumberland, which boūdeth in the North vpon þ Marches of Scotland. The shires be deuided into xvij Bishoprikes, as Canterbury, Rochester, London, Chichester, Winchester, Salisbury, Exceter, Bath and Welles, Worcester, Glocester, Hereford, Couentry and Lichfield, Lincolne, Ely, Norwich Oxenford, Peterborowe, Bristowe, these be vnder the Archbishop of Canterbury, which is Primate of England. And Yorke, Durham, Chester, & Carlile, is the prouince of the Archbishop of Yorke, which is an other primate of England.

Wales, an other part of Brittaine, beginneth at Chepstow and reacheth to Westchester, northward, and is compassed with the sea, except it be on the southeast part, where the Ryuer of Seuerne deuideth

beth Wales from England. The country towards the Sea coast, and in the vallyes is most fertile, which yeeldeth both to man and beast, great plenty of fruit and grasse: But in other places (for the most part) it is barraine & lesse fruitfull, for which cause husbandmen doo liue full hardly. And there are foure Bishoprickes in Wales, the first Bishop of Sainct Dauids, the Bishop of Landaffe, the bishop of Banger, the fourth of S. Asaph, which be vnder the Bishop of Canterbury. The Welchmen haue a language of themselues, far different from the English.

Cornewall, an other part beginneth in the west part of England, and in the east part thereof, it is in breadth foure score and ten miles, and towarde S. Jermaines in the West, situate on the sea coast, the greatest breadth is but xx. miles. It is a barre soile, yeelding fruit more through the great labour of the tyllers and husbandmen, than through the goodnes of the ground. But there is great plentie of Tinne and Lead, in the mining and digging thereof, dooth consist the liuing and sustentation of the inhabitants: their language differeth far from the english, but is much like the welch, because they haue many words common to both, yet this difference is between them, that when a welch man speaketh, the Cornishman rather vnderstandeth many wordes spoken by the Welchman, than the whole tale he telleth.

The Riuer of Tweede deuideth England and Scotland north: the length of england beginneth at Portsmouth in the South, & endeth at Tweede

prisoners in prison, &c. 111

such as came newly into prison, & deuoured them halfe aliue, and men and women were faine to eat their owne children.

Edward the third began his raigne, the 25. of January 1333. and dyed the 21. of June, 1377. when hee had raigned 44. yeeres, 6. moneths, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1333. the King besieged the Towne of Barwicke. the Scots minding to dissolue the Siedge, the king met them at Bothell, and slew of them 1300. horsemen, and 35000. foot men, and then tooke the towne, and there placed a Garrison.

In the yeere 1338. King Edward quartered the armes of England and Fraunce, and named himselfe King of Fraunce. And in the yeere 1339. the King met with an armie of Frenchmen by Sea, where he slewe of them 3000. men, and tooke 200. Ships, and the rest fled.

In the yeere 1345, the king tooke ship, and sayled to Hogges in Normandy, from thence went to Caen, and spoyled it to the bare walles, and then went to Callis and besieged it: and when the king had a long time besieged it, the french king came to raise the siege, and when he sawe hee could not preuaile, he stered his Tents and departed. The Callis men seeing it, yeelded the towne and Castell, and themselues to the Kings pleasure.

The same yeere, Edward the Kings son, nigh to the Cittie of Poytiers, ioyned battayle wyth John the French king, where the kinges Sonne wonne a noble victory, and tooke the French king

with

with his sonne, with diuers of his Nobles prisoners: and the same yeere the Scottish king, with diuers earles and Lordes were taken prisoners also, by the english men.

Richard the second began his raigne, the 21. day of June, 1377. and was deposed when he had raigned 22. yeeres, 3. moneths, and died the 23. of September, in the yeere, 1399. & was buried at Westm.

In the yeere 1381. the making of guns were inuented and found, by an Almaine as some report.

In the yeere 1391. the commons of kent and Essex rebelled: hauing Wat Tyler, and Jack Straw Tom Miller, Hob Carter, with such noble personages to their Captaines, being in number xl. M. which came to blacke Heath, and so neere London, and did much mischiefe. The king to pacifie their furie, offered them peace, and sent the Mayor to Wat Tyler their Captaine, to come speake with him: he aunswering, he would come at his owne pleasure: yet neuertheless, he followed faire and softly, and came to the king in Smythfield, who tarryed his comming, then the king cõmaunded the Mayor to arest the Rebell: which Mayor being a man of sufficient courage and boldnesse, straight way arested the Rebell on the head, in such sort that he astonied him, then they which attended on the king, slewe him forthwith, by reason whereof, the lewde company were dyspearsed, and Jack Strawe being taken, lost hys head,

Henry the fourth began his raign, the 29. day of September, in the yeere 1399. and died the [illegible]

September, in the yeere 1399. and died at Eltham.
13. yeares, 6. monethes, and was buried at Eltham.

Henry the fift began hys raigne the 20. day of March, 1412. and died the 31. of August, in the yere 1422. when he had raigned 9. yeares, 5. monethes, was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1451. the king entred the seas with a 1000. saile of ships, and arriued in Normandy, and then went and besieged Harflew: which was yelded vnto him: they fought a battail at Agine Court, where by the meanes of his Bowmen, hee slew the most of the nobilitie of Fraunce, and had a maruellous victorye, and was made Regent of Fraunce, and won many townes, as Roane, which he besieged sixe months long: and there dyed in the Towne for want of victuals, aboue 30000.

Henry the sixt began his raigne the 31. day of August, 1422. and in the yeare 1460. he was driuē out of his kingdom, wherē he had raigned 38. yeeres sixe monethes and od dayes, and in the yere 1465. he was committed to the Towre, and in the yeere 1470, he was murthered, & was buried at Windsor In the yeere 1432. king Henry the 6, king of England, was crowned king of Fraunce at Paris.

In the yere 1450. the commons of Kent rebelled, hauing to their Capteine, Iacke Cade, against whom the king sent an Army, which the Rebels ouerthrew. After this victory, the Rebel came to London, entred the cittie, and smote his sword vpon London stone, saying. Now is Mortimer Lord of this cittie. The Mayor and citizens, perceiuing themselues neither sure of life or goods, Sent

D.ij.

with his sonne, with diuers [illegible]
to the Tower, vnto the Lord
which promised the [illegible] by [illegible]
Ordenance, and then the Captaine of the Citie
tooke the draw bridge in ꝑ night prohibiting the
Rebels to passe the bridge into the Citty, the Re-
bels hearing the the bridge to be kept, came with
great furie to open the passage, where betweene
both parties was a sharpe and fierce encounter, in
fine, the Rebels got the draw bridge. This cõflict
endured till nine of the clocke in the morning in
doubtfull manner, so that both parties agreed to
desist from fight till the next day, vpon condition,
that neither Bentlymen should enter the Citye,
nor Citizen should passe into Southwarke. Then
the Archbyshop of Canterbury with other entered
Southwarke, where they shewed the kinges gene-
rall pardon for all offenders, whereupon the mul-
titude retyred home, the Captaine fledde into the
Isle of Guilder, and was there slaine,

In the yeere 1453. the Duke of Yorke and other
of the Lordes, gaue the King battaile at Saint
Albones, where the king was taken of the Duke
and by a Parliament was made Protector of the
Realme, and in 1455. the Duke was discharged of
his Protectorship, which caused a new grudge.

In the yeere 1459. the Duke, with other Lordes,
gaue the King a battaile at Mortimers toun and
in the ende discomfited the kinges power, & tooke
the King in the fielde. The Duke of Yorke made
such clayme to the Crowne: that by consent of a
Parliament, hee was proclaymed heyre apparent,
and his progenie after him.

parliament, hee was proclaymed heyre apparent, and his progenie after him.

Duke at Wakefielde, where the Duke was slaine. And in like manner the Queene with her power, discomfited the Earle of Warwicke, neere to S. Albons, and set at liberty the king.

In the yeere 1459. the noble science of Printing of bookes, was found at Magunce in Germany, by John Gutbenburge, & first brought into Englande by one William Caxton, a Mercer of London and there put in vse.

Edward Earle of March, eldest Sonne to the Duke of Yorke, with the Earles of Warwick and Salisbury came to London with a strong power, & was proclaimed king, by the name of Edward the fourth. King Henry, vnderstanding that the Earle of March was comming towards him, hee with the Queene fled into the North.

Edward the fourth, began his reigne the 4. day of March, in the yeere 1460. & died the 9. of April, in the yeere 1483. when he had reigned 22. yeeres, 1. moneth, and od dayes, & was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1461. the 26 of March, was fought a great battaile betweene K. Edward the fourth, and Henry the first power, neere Tadcaster, in the North, where was slaine on both parties 15711. persons, but king Edward got the field, and king Henry with his wife and sonne, with the Duke of Sommerset & Exceter, & others, fled into Scotland.

In the yeere 1464. King Henry came out of Scotland with a great power, & Lord Mostacute with a great power met them, and enclosed them rounde, at Exam: where King Henry's power

was

to the Towre, vnto the Lord

was ouerthrow
selfe with certaine others fledde into Lancashire,
where they liued in Caues full hardly, more than
halfe a yeere.

In the yere 1465. King Henry the first, was ta-
ken beside the Abby of Salley, in Yorkeshire, and
from thence brought to Elston, and there he was
arested by the Earle of Warwick, and from thence
sent to the Towre.

In the yeere 1460. the duke with other earles &
Lords arriued at Plimmouth, and an other sort at
Dertmouth, all which company tooke their voy-
age towards Exceter, and then Northwardes.

King Edward hearing of their comming fled frō
his hoast at Nottingham, and tooke shypping at
Lynne, and so sayled into Flaunders, & the Duke
of Clarence, the Earle of Warwicke, with others
entred the Towre of London, and set at libertie
king Henry, which had beene prisoner there nine
yeeres, and tooke him for their lawful king. But
shortly after, King Edwarde landed at Rauen-
spourne, with a small company of Souldiours,
with the helpe of his brother the duke of Clarence
which now turned to his part, he came so pur-
suantly to London, that he entred the Citty, and tooke
king Henry the first in the Bishops Pallace, and
sent him to the Towre, and then went against the
Earle of Warwicke, whom hee vanquished neere
to Barnet, and then went Westwarde, and there
vanquished the Queene, King Henryes wife, and
tooke her and her Sonne beside Teuxbury, and

tooke her and her Sonne beside Teurbury, and

Edward the fift begaune his raigne the 9 of Aprill, in the yeere 1483. being of the age of 13 yeers, which Prince raigned a small space, either in plesure or liberlye, for his vnnaturall Uncle ỳ duke of Glocester: not onely deprived him of his crowne but of his life also: when he had raigned two monthes, ten dayes, and was murdered, and buried in a place vnknowne.

Richard the thyrde began his raigne the 22. of June, in the yeere 1483. and dyed the 22. of August. in the yeere 1475. when he had raigned 2 yeares 2 monthes, and was buried at Lecister.

In the yeere 1484. the earle of Richmond, with a small company, landed at Milforde Hauen, and claimed the crowne, and gaue battaile vnto king Richard the thirde, at a place beside Lecister, called Bosworth, where kinge Richarde was slaine, and the earle of Richmond was proclaimed king Henry the seuenth,

Henry the seauenth began his raign in the yere 1485 the 22. of August, and dyed the 22. day of Aprill 1509. when he had raigned 23. yeeres, eight monethes, and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1486 the king tooke to wife Elizabeth, daughter of king Edward the fourth, by the which meanes the two houses, of Lancaster, and Yorke were both vnited in one.

In the yeere 1497 the commmons of Cornwall made an insurrection hauing the Lorde Audley and Mighell a blacksmyth their leaders came to black Heath, where the kinge met with them and

discontinued, and there
the same time in Bedfordshire, fell hailestones 10.
inches about.

Henry the eight began his raigne the 22. day of Aprill, in the yeere 1509. and died the 24. of January, in the yeere 1546. when he had reigned 37. yeeres 9. moneths and od dayes, and was buried at Windsor.

In the yeere 1513. in the 5. yere of the kings reign the king entred fraunce, and conquered Terwin and Terney. And the same time the Queene, with the Earle of Surrey, ouerthrew the Scottish Armie at Blanstone, called Flodden field, where the Scottish king was slain, with diuers of his Nobility, and 18000. men, and tooke all his furniture for the warres.

In the yeere 1517. the ninth yeere of the Kings reigne, was an insurrection made by certain prentises of London, against straungers: and it was called euil May day.

And in the yeere 1528. was a sweating sickenesse and specially in London: and the same yere William Tyndale translated the Testament first into english.

In the yeere 1517 Charles the fift came into englande, and was most honourably receiued.

In the yeere 1530. and 22 yeere of his reigne, by meanes of delay made by the Pope, touching the kings diuorce, he made proclamation, forbidding any to sue to the Court of Rome.

In the yeere 1531. the Clergy acknowledged the king to be supreame head ouer the Church of eng-

In the yeere 1531. the Clergy acknowledged the king to be supreame head ouer the Church of England and Ireland, & gaue the King a C.M. pound for pardon for their offences, and the yeere 1533. the king was cleerely diuorced from Queene Katherine, and married to the Lady Anne Bollyn, who was crowned Queene at Whitsuntide, & the 7. of September following, she was deliuered of the Lady Elizabeth at Greenewich.

In the yeere 1534. and the 26. yeere of the kings raigne, was the whole authority of the Bysshop of Rome, by Parliament vtterly bannished.

In the yere 1536. by act of Parlyament, all houses of Religion, in England and Wales, were suppressed, and giuen to the king and his heires.

In the yeere 1536. and the xxviii. yeere of the kings raigne, the commons of Lincolnshire made an insurrection for Religion, and gathered nyeh xx.M. persons: against whose the king sent the Duke of Suffolke, with a strong power, which the Rebelles hearing, desired pardon, brake vp their army and departed, but their Captaines were apprehended and executed. The Lincolnshire men being pacified within 6. dayes after began an other insurrection in Yorkeshire, for the same cause, the people being gathered together to the nnmber of xl.M. against whom the King sent the Dukes of Norfolke and Suffolke, with others, whereas a battaile was appointed to be fought on Simon and Judes day, but ye same night fell such a great raine, that the two armies could not meete, wherupon the Rebels desired the Duke to sue for their pardon to the king, that they might depart, which the Duke not only [illegible]. Also

discomfited, and there

their captain was [illegible] at Edwarde
ded with diuers Gentlemen, there enioyed a small
time: for shortly after, with diuers of his com-
plices, had their heades, and were executed.

In the yeere 1540. the 9. of July the Lord Crom-
well was beheaded.

In the yeere 1544. Sir John Dudley high Admi-
rall of England, with a fleete of 200. saile entred
Scotland, and went and spoiled Leith, & the next
day went to Edenbrow, and beat the Scots from
their Ordinance, and came away with such riches,
as they thought had not beene in any Towne in
Scotland, and then fired the houses in the Town
which burned three dayes.

And at Martinmas after, the duke of Norfolke
with other, with an Army, entred Fraunce, and be-
sieged Muttrell, and in July following, the King
with an army passed into Fraunce, and encamped
on the Northside of Bullen, and the duke of Suf-
folke on the Southeaste side, and after a moneth
siege, the townes men sent the King worde, they
woulde surrender the towne, with condition to de-
part with bag and baggage. which was graunted
and the king returned with honour. And at the
same time, the Kings ships tooke three hundreth
sayle of French shippes, which were laden wyth
Wine and saltfish.

In the yeere 1545. the 27 of April, being wednes-
day in Easter weeke, one William Morley a Pot-
maker for the mint in the towre of London, fell
a sleepe so hard, that hee coulde not bee awaked
with cramping [illegible]

a sleepe so hard, that hee coulde not bee awaked with cramping pinching stretching or otherwise without waking, and when he awaked, he was in all pointes as though he had slept but one night, ꝑ cause of his sleeping was examined by ꝑ kings Phisitions and other learned, but it could not bee knowne. The king himselfe examined the saide Foxley, & he was found in all poyntes, as though he had slept but one night, and was yet liuing in the yeere 1584.

Edward the first began his raigne, ꝑ 28 day of January 1546. and died the first of July 1553. when he had raigned 6. yeeres 5. moneths, and od daies and was buried at Westminster.

In the yeere 1549 the Lorde Protector, and the Earle of Warwicke with an Armie, were sent to Scotlande, and neere to Edenborowe, at a place called moskelborowe, the Englishmen and Scots met in September, where the englishmē obtained a noble victorie, and slew of the Scots aboue xiij. m. & tooke aboue xv. C. prisoners, and not fortie english men were slaine.

And in this yeere the Images in Churches, were taken down for the auoiding of idolatrie: and the same yeere, the enligsh Seruice was first sayde in englishe.

In the yeere 1549. in may by reason of a Proclamation for inclosers, the commons of Somersetshire, and Lincolnshire, made an insurrectiō, but they had soone their demerits: also the commons of Cornewall and Deuonshire rebelled, requiring not onely their inclosers, but their olde Religion againe to be restored, and [illegible] besieged exeter

their captain was [illegible] at Edwar-

which was valiantly de[illegible]
fell with others, went against the Rebelles, and tooke and slewe foure thousand, & executed their Captaines.

At the same time in July, the commons of Norfolke and Suffolke rose, & encamped themselues at a place neere Norwich, called Mount Surrey: the Earle of Warwiche with other, went against them, and slewe of them aboue fiue thousand, and tooke their Captaine Robert Ket, Tanner, who shortly after was executed.

In the yeere 1551. in July, the sweating sickenesse began at London, which was so terrible, that people being in perfect health, were dead in 24. howers, or lesse.

On the 22. of January following, Edward duke of Sommerset was beheaded.

In the yeere 1553. king Edward died, and by his will, bequeathed the Crowne of this Realme vnto the Lady Jane Grey, the duke of Suffolke his daughter, but shee enioyed the Legacie not long, but thereof grew much trouble: for at the last Lady Mary, eldest daughter vnto King Henry the eyght, posted the same, which of right appertained vnto her.

Queene Marry began her reigne the first day of July in the yeere 1553. and dyed the xvii. day of Nouember 1558. when she had reigned fiue yeres, foure moneths and eleuen daies, and was buried at Westminster.

In this yeere, the Religion that was in kyng

at Westminster.

In this yeere, the Religion that was in kyng

And the same yeere was concluded a marriage betweene Queene Marie, and Phillippe king of Spaine.

The next yeere following it was solemnized on saint James day.

The same yeere syr Thomas Wyat, with other Gentlemen assembled an army in kent, and came to London, minding to haue let the marriage, but shortely after they were discomfited, and many of them taken and put to death, and sir Thomas Wiat was beheaded at the Towre hill: and the same time was the Lady Jane, with the Lord Gylforde her husband beheaded: and the same yeere was the Duke of Suffolke her Father beheaded on the Towre hill.

In the yeere 1557. went an armie of English men ouer into Flaunders, vnto the ayd of king Philip against the French men at Saint Quintaines, which after their comming was soone woone, but in the end it was the losse of Callis.

And this yeere was a great persecution and cruelties, with burning of men, women & Children, to the great sorrow of many that liued vnder that cruell gouernment.

In the same yeere 1557. the first of Januarie, the French men came to Callis with an Army, & were maisters thereof in lesse then v. daies, & the English harts so altered from the good opinion þ they had of Queene Mary, at þ first entrance into the kingdome: that nothing was more ioyfull vnto them, then when they hea[illegible] death.

ꝧ Queene Elizabeth begā
Nouember. 1558. to the gl
all Christians harts.

This yeere the Queene restored again the gos-
pell, which was in the time of king Edward, with
the booke of common prayer, and administration
of the Sacraments in english.

In the yeere 1556. the Duke of Guise made a
great attempt by landing certain crues of souldi-
ers in Scotland, but by the wisedom of ꝧ Queene
and Counsell, his lewde pollicy was preuented, ꝛ
Scotland auoided of these crues.

This yeere also the Queene finding ꝧ Realme
maruellously disfurnished with Armor, made such
noble preuision therof, that it was (great terror to
the enemies) strength and comfort to this Realm.

And in the yeere 1561. the 4. of June, the Steeple
of Saint Paules Church in London, was set on
fire by lightening, which began in the toppe of the
Steeple, and so burnt downwards, and so consu-
med the Steeple, and the 4. great Rooles, which
were couered with leade, in lesse then 4. howres.

In the yeere 1561. the Towne of newhauen, was
deliuered into the hands of the Queenes power,
but by reason of the plague, which was so sore a-
mongst them that kept it, that they were forste to
yeelde it againe, vpon certaine conditions.

In the yeere 1563. after the comming from New-
haven, the plague so reigned in England, but e-
specially in London, that in lesse then one yeere,
there died in London and in the Suburbes, a-
bout 20000. of the plague: by reason whereof Hil-

larie

---

larie Tearme was kept at Hertford Castle, beside

larle Tearme was kept at Hertford Caſtle, beſide Ware, where was ſingle cheere with double coſte, and worſe lodging with no leſſe charge.

In the yeere 1564. the Thames of London was froſen ſo hard, that thouſands of people went on the Iſe, and ſome plaide at Footeball, and ſome ſhot at pricks, and boldely as if they had been in the fields, which great yſe was conſumed in leſſe then three dayes, after it began to thawe: which ſuddaine thawe, cauſed floods and high waters, which drowned many people, and bare downe many houſes and bridges, & eſpecially Owſe bridge in Yorke Citty.

In the yeere 1565. certain houſes in Cornehyll in London were pulled downde, and the grounde made plain, then was the Burſe begun to be builded, and the yeere following it was finiſhed, and afterwards by the Queenes Maieſtie, in the yere 1570. it was named the Royall exchaunge.

In the yeere 1569. the Earles of Northumberberland & Weſtmerlande began a rebellion in the North, but ſhortly after, perceiuing the Queenes power to come againſt them, they fled into Scotland, but the Queenes power followed, and ſlewe and tooke many and executed them.

In the yeere 1572. Thomas Howarde duke of Norfolke was beheaded, the ſecond of June, at the Towre hill.

In the yeere 1572. the xxvi. of September, a Moulters wife in London, was brought a bed of foure Children at one time, all Mayden children which were all carried to [illegible] at once to be

w Queene Elizabeth beg
Rebaptised, being an
The same yeere 1576 on
one Anne Auories, a Widdow in London, hauing
bought vi. pound of towe in a flaxe shoppe, went
away and did not pay for it: the seruant seing she
was gone without paying for it, went after, and
demaunded her money for it, she forswearing her
selfe, with cursing and othes, immediatly fel down
speechlesse, and vomited that vpwardes, that shee
should haue voided downwards, with an horrible
stinck, hauing the money in her handes, that should
haue paied for it, and so haue died.

In the yeere 1577. the iiij. v. or vi. dayes of July,
was an Assise holde at Oxford, where was araig-
ned one Roulaud Jenckes for seditious wordes:
at which time there arose such a suddaine dampe
amongst the people there, that caused such a sick-
nesse, that few that were there escaped, the Jurors
dyed presentlie, & shortly after the Judges of the
Bench dyed also: there died in Oxford iij. C. per-
sons, and there sickned ij C. and od, but died in o-
ther places: it began the first of July, and ended
the ix of August, after which day, dyed not one of
that sicknesse, nor one infected not the other, there
died not one woman or child of that disease.

In the yere 1578. John Casimer Counte palatin
came into the Realme, & was honorably receiued.
This yere also was such a great snow, that many
people and cattell were drowned therewith.

1579. the 6. of Aprill, was such an Earthquake in
the most part of england, especially towardes the
Southy part, which shok many Castles, churches

Southrn part, which shoke many Castles, churches

[illegible] amongst the people, that the most part thought the world was at an end.

The same yeere in Aprill certain Spaniards entred Ireland, (to the ayde of Desmond,) who built a strong fort, and victualled it for 6. months, with Armor and other munition for 2000. men: which by the diligence of the Lord Gray. (then Deputie for the Queene) were shortly overthrowne, and put to the sworde, onely some few of the chiefe put to raunsom.

1581. in Aprill, Mounser Duke of Anioy, brother to the french King, & diuers Nobles of Fraunce, came to England, and were honorably receiued: and in Febr uary following, hee went ouer into Flaunders, & there was created duke of Brabant.

1585. in July, certain souldiours went out of England to Holland, to their aide against the Spaniards, & in Decēber following, ꝑ Earle of Leicester with diuers other of account with him, hee was made Lieftennant Generall of ꝑ low Countries.

This yeere in June, Henry Percy earle of Northumberland, murthered himselfe in the Towre.

The same yeere in Septembre, Syr Francis Drake, with diuers other valiant Captaines, sette forward towards the confines of Spayne, where they did most braue seruice against the Spaniards, as at Carthagena, & bringing from thence all the Spanish Ordenance, with other r[illegible]

1585. in July, Mr. Thomas Candish t[illegible] voyage to compas the world, passing thro[illegible] straights of Magulianus, & return[illegible]

baptised, being an
The same yeere 1576 on
ma speranza, returned
moneths, which was the
This yeere in July. Babington
plises were taken, and in September
weare executed.

The same yeere 1586. the 29. of October
Parliament assembled, for ỳ trial of matters con-
cerning Mary the Scotish Queene, and in the 6.
of December following, was solemly proclaimed
with ỳ sound of 4. Troumpets in seueral places
of London, 2 in Midlesex, the sentence giuen
by the Nobility against the saide Mary Queene
of Scots, to the wonderfull great reioising of all
the Godly, as apeared by their singing of psalms
ringing of Bells, and making of bonfires in the
Citye of London, and on ỳ 8. of Febzuary follow-
ing, being wednesday in the forenoone, according
to the sentence giuen by the Nobilitye, the
sayde Mary Queene of Scots was beheaded, in
the Castell of Fodering haye. and in the first of
August, 1587. was as apertayned to a Queene,
most Royally buried at Peterborough.

FINIS.

¶ Made at London by Frauncis Adams,
Stationer or Bookebinder, dwelling in
Distaffe lane, at the signe of the Lagua bits
Still, neere olde fishstreete, and

Stull, nære olde fiskstrøer, and

Ranger
Byont
Sack Boot

Chase 512

831

Contract 215

Patton 941

Mr. Woodward

Butterworth

1317

Stationers Hall

Ezra Griffin
Esq.

Mr. Hodgson

Mr. Bowditch

Mr. Peirce

Ejemplo de Ecuación Cuadrática

$$2x^2 - 3x - 1 = 0$$

1 1851

2

3 1858 1873

Dr. Wm. Gilmore
Medical Office
Hartsville, S.C.

Gwinnett Co.
Georgia
1820 Census

Honble Col^o Sir Coniy
Lowe at Mr Lambard's
in Old-London
living their now

Hence London
to Romford — 10
Burntwood — 5
Ingatestone — 5

Robert

Robert